

# PRODUCT GUIDE GUIDE DES PRODUITS GUÍA DEL PRODUCTO

MODEL | MODÈLE | MODELO

463720114

Char-Broil C-23G3

Serial number | Numéro de série | Número de serie See rating label on grill for serial number.

Ce numéro se trouve sur l'étiquette signalétique située sur l'appareil, El número de serie se encuentra en la etiqueta de especificaciones de la parrilla.

Date purchased | Date d'chat | Fecha de compra

If you have questions or need assistance during assembly, please call 1-800-241-7548.

Si vous avez des questions ou besoin d'aide pendant l'assemblage, S'il vous plaît appelez 1-800-241-7548

Si tiene alguna pregunta o si Necesita ayuda durante el Ensamblado, llámenos Al 1-800-241-7548



Carrier Des Barres de China. Columbus, GA, 31902. Printed in China. Imprimé en China. Impreso en China. Carrier de China

# **GRILLING GUIDE – Getting Started**

# First Time Use

Read your Assembly Manual and ensure the grill is put together properly. Remove all Point-of-Purchase acceptsing material from all grill surfaces before first use. recommend operating your grill on its highest setting for 15-20 minutes prior to your first use. This aids in removing the oils used during manufacturing.

# Lava Rock / Briquettes

This gas grill has been designed, engineered, and tested to be used with heat tents to provide more even heating, improve the cleaning process, and reduce flare-ups. The addition of after market lava rocks, charcoal, or briquettes of any type will cause poor combustion and increase the iself-ood of a grease fire, and is not recommended. Using courtes, lava rock, or charcoal in this grill will void your arranty. For extra smoke flavor, we recommend using a smoker box with wood chips.



# Temperature - Convective Grills ONLY.

The temperature gauge in the hood of your new grill measures air temperature. The air temperature inside your will never be as hot as the temperature at the cooking

Note: Since 1995, all regulators (the part that attaches to the gas tank to regulate the flow of gas) have included a selety feature that restricts gas flow in the event of a gas eac. You can inadvertently activate this safety feature thou having a gas leak. This typically occurs when you are the gas using the grill control knob before you turn on the LP tank valve. If the gas regulator safety feature activates, the grill will only reach temperatures between 250°F and 300°F even with all burners on the high setting.

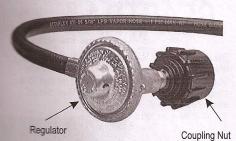


figure grill is not getting hotter than 250°F to 300°F these steps should be taken first to reset the gas tor safety device:

- hen the grill lid.
- onnect the regulator from the LP tank.

- contact the regulator to the LP tank.

  Specifically the way. Do not put the way force on the valve at the full open position to and damaging the valve.
- and the appropriate control knob and light the grill per

Tuestation of this process is included in this Product ide. See Troubleshooting section for additional

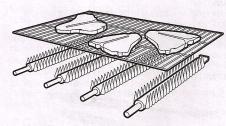
# **Pre-Heating Your Grill**

Just like your home oven, your grill should be pre-heated to provide optimum performance. Pre-heat the grill on high for 10-15 minutes – longer if weather conditions require.

Please refer to the lighting instructions inside the Product Guide if you have questions about how to light your grill. A match-light chain and hole is provided for your convenience.

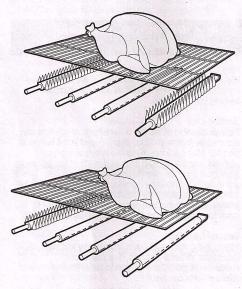
Outdoor grilling is really quite simple. You'll succeed with burgers, dogs, or steaks usually on your very first try. With experience, you will learn how to work with your grill, creating more imaginative meals all the time. This knowledge makes up the art of grilling. Before you start grilling, organize your food according to cooking technique and required cooking time, and optimize the use of your grilling area.

Direct Cooking
Direct cooking involves grilling your meat directly over high heat. It is perfect for searing steaks, chops, and other smaller pieces of meat and vegetables that quickly make their way to the table.



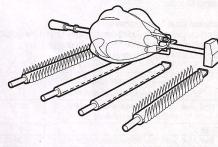
# **Indirect Cooking**

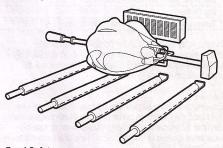
Indirect cooking utilizes select burners to circulate heat throughout the grill, without direct contact between the meat and the flame. The meat is placed over the burner that is 'off'. This method is generally used to slow cook large cuts of meat and poultry. A pan can be placed underneath the meat to catch grease and food drippings, and helps minimize clean-up.



# **Rotisserie Cooking**

Rotisserie cooking is best for 'round' meat, such as large roasts, whole poultry, and pork. It generally requires an accessory motor and spit rod that allows the meat to be turned at a constant speed. Rotisserie cooking is best done in front of a special rotisserie burner, or utilizing an indirect cooking burner arrangement. A pan can be placed underneath the meat to catch grease and food drippings, and helps minimize clean-up.





# **Food Safety**

Food safety is a very important part of enjoying the outdoor cooking experience. To keep food safe from harmful bacteria, follow these four basic steps:

Clean: Wash hands, utensils, and surfaces with hot soapy water before and after handling raw meat. Separate: Separate raw meats from ready-to-eat foods to avoid cross contamination. Use a clean platter and utensils when removing cooked foods.

Cook: Cook meat and poultry thoroughly to kill bacteria. Use a thermometer to ensure proper internal food temperatures

Chill: Refrigerate prepared foods and leftovers promptly.

# **GRILLING GUIDE - Tips & Tricks**

Cooking on your new grill is a hands-on experience, and it is recommended to remain outside with your grill while cooking. Grilling can be affected by many external conditions. In cold weather, you will need more heat to reach an ideal cooking temperature, and grilling may take longer. The meat's internal temperature and thickness can also affect cooking times. Cold and thicker meats will take

Internal Meat Temperatures

Meat cooked on a grill often browns very fast on the outside.

Therefore, use a meat thermometer to ensure it has reached safe internal temperatures.

USDA Recommended Safe Minimum	mum
Internal Temperatures	
Beef, Veal, Lamb, Steak, Roasts, & Whole Pork	145° F
(with a 3 minute rest time)	
Fish	145° F
Beef, Veal, Lamb, and Pork - Ground	160° F
Egg Dishes	160° F
Turkey, Chicken & Duck Whole, Pieces & Ground	165° F

www.isitdoneyet.gov Please refer to the USDA for complete, up-to-date information. Our internal temperature chart is based on USDA standards for meat doneness. Check it out at

Sauces
Sauces containing sugars and fats can cause flare-ups, and Sauces containing sugars and fats can cause flare-ups, and your food may burn. In general, apply these sauces during the final 10 minutes of cooking. Keep in mind, use of excessive sauces or glazes will also require extra cleaning

Marinades and Rubs
To enhance the flavor of grilled foods, a liquid marinade or for enhance the flavor of grilled foods, a liquid marinade or dry rub can be used prior to cooking. Meat can be either soaked or injected with liquid marinade up to 24 hours prior to grilling. Dry rubs can be applied directly to the meat immediately before grilling.



# Wood Chips

For extra smoke flavor when grilling, try adding wood chips. Soak the chips in water for approximately 30 minutes before adding to a smoke box or pan. Place smoke box or pan on top of the cooking grate above the flame. Turn grill on high until the wood starts to smoke. Reduce heat to desired temperature for cooking, and place food on cooking grate as desired. Close lid to retain more smoke. Hardwood varieties that work particularly well with grilled foods include Alder, Apple, Cherry, Hickory, Mesquite, and Pecan.



Skewers

Skewers should be flat, with long handles. Round Metal skewers should be flat, with long handles. Round skewers allow food to roll when turned, so it may not cook as evenly. Use metal skewers when cooking meat kabobs. Wooden skewers should be soaked in water for an hour before use, and are best used for quick cooking foods such as vegetables and fruits.



Utensils
Use tongs or a spatula to handle the food instead of a fork, and don't turn the food too often. Piercing the food with a fork will release juices that you want in the meat, and may cause flare-ups.



# GRILLING Your Grill GUIDE Cleaning

Why Clean?
We've all heard the saying 'An ounce of prevention's a pound of cure'. This is great advice when it comes to keeping your grill clean.

Routine Care

Periodic cleaning of this grill is necessary, as grill periodic cleaning of this grill is necessary, as grill poccur when grease and food debris collect in the body of the grill. After each use, remove any remaining for particles from the cooking grate and inside of the a grill brush. Do this after the grill has cooled do grill is not designed to be 'burned off' by closing turning the burners on High for an extended time excessive heat generated can cause leftover great catch fire, and can cause permanent damage to

General Cleaning
Plastic parts: Wash with warm soapy water and
Do not use abrasive cleaners, degreasers or a
concentrated grill cleaner on plastic parts. Daraser failure of parts can result.

Porcelain surfaces: Because of glass-like commost residue can be wiped away with baking solution or glass cleaner. Use non-abrasive solution or stubborn stains.

with mild detergent or non-abrase. Wipe dry with a soft non-abrase

are or steel ess steel can rust under can be caused by environmenta

and de to heat, me attrastive pad on mid detergent THE THE USE OF AN ing pad. Use only ed-on grease



no loose bristles remain on grilling. It is not recommended while grill is hot.

seam ected to grill, store outdoors in acce and out of reach of children.

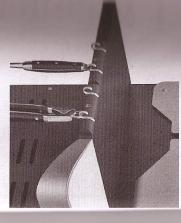
Choose from a variety of manufacturer.
 LP cylinder is turned off

==oved from grill. Never store LP

nstructions in the Use and Care auct Guide.

spected and cleaned regularly to coxages. Refer to the Use and County Guide for complete

 sasy mounting of our unique line of
 Please visit charbroil.com for a
 Trax accessories. \*Available on s equipped with Gear Trax™

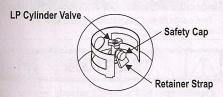


**TOUR GRILLING NEEDS!** CHARBROIL.COM FOR

# **USE AND CARE**

# LP Cylinder Removal, Transport and Storage

- •Turn OFF all control knobs and LP cylinder valve. Turn coupling nut counterclockwise by hand only do not use tools to disconnect. Loosen cylinder screw beneath bottom shelf or disconnect other retention means, then lift LP cylinder up and and out of cart. Install safety cap onto LP cylinder valve. Always use cap and strap supplied with valve. Fallure to use safety cap as directed may result in serious personal injury and/or property damage.
- A disconnected LP cylinder in storage or being transported must have a safety cap installed (as shown). Do not store an LP cylinder in enclosed spaces such as a carport, garage, porch, covered patio or other building. Never leave an LP cylinder inside a vehicle which may become overheated by the sun.
- •Do not store an LP cylinder in an area where children play.



# LP Cylinder

- •The LP cylinder used with your grill must meet the following requirements:
- •Use LP cylinders only with these required measurements: 12" (30.5cm) (diameter) x 18" (45.7 cm) (tall) with 20 lb. (9 kg.) capacity maximum.
- •LP cylinders must be constructed and marked in accordance with specifications for LP cylinders of the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) or for Canada, CAN/CSA-B339, cylinders, spheres and tubes for transportation of dangerous goods, Transport Canada (TC). See LP cylinder collar for marking.
- •LP cylinder valve must have:
- •Type 1 outlet compatible with regulator or grill.
- ·Safety relief valve.

**OPD Hand Wheel** 

- \*UL listed Overfill Protection Device (OPD). This OPD safety feature is identified by a unique triangular hand wheel. Use only LP cylinders equipped with this type of valve.
- \*LP cylinder must be arranged for vapor withdrawal and include collar to protect LP cylinder valve. Always keep LP cylinders in upright position during use, transit or storage.



LP cylinder in upright position for vapor withdrawal

# LP (Liquefied Petroleum Gas)

- gas is nontoxic, odorless and colorless when produced. For Your Safety, LP gas has been given an odor (similar to rotten cabbage) so that it can be smelled.
- P gas is highly flammable and may ignite unexpectedly maked with air.

# LP Cylinder Filling

- •Use only licensed and experienced dealers.
- •LP dealer must purge new cylinder before filling.
- Dealer should NEVER fill LP cylinder more than 80% of LP cylinder volume. Volume of propane in cylinder will vary by temperature.
- A frosty regulator indicates gas overfill. Immediately close LP cylinder valve and call local LP gas dealer for assistance.
- •Do not release liquid propane (LP) gas into the atmosphere. This is a hazardous practice.
- •To remove gas from LP cylinder, contact an LP dealer or call a local fire department for assistance. Check the telephone directory under "Gas Companies" for nearest certified LP dealers.

# LP Cylinder Exchange

- •Many retailers that sell grills offer you the option of replacing your empty LP cylinder through an exchange service. Use only those reputable exchange companies that inspect, precision fill, test and certify their cylinders. Exchange your cylinder only for an OPD safety feature-equipped cylinder as described in the "LP Cylinder" section of this manual.
- Always keep new and exchanged LP cylinders in upright position during use, transit or storage.

# Leak test new and exchanged LP cylinders BEFORE connecting to grill.

 Place safety cap on cylinder valve outlet whenever the cylinder is not in use. Only install the type of safety cap on the cylinder valve outlet that is provided with the cylinder valve. Other types of caps or plugs may result in leakage of propane.

# LP Cylinder Leak Test

For your safety

- Leak test must be repeated each time LP cylinder is exchanged or refilled.
- Do not smoke during leak test.
- Do not use an open flame to check for gas leaks.
- Grill must be leak tested outdoors in a well-ventilated area, away from ignition sources such as gas fired or electrical appliances. During leak test, keep grill away from open flames or sparks.
- Use a clean paintbrush and a 50/50 mild soap and water solution. Brush soapy solution onto areas indicated by arrows in figure below.
- ▲ Do not use household cleaning agents. Damage to gas train components can result.



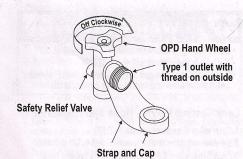


# WARNING

If "growing" bubbles appear do not use or move the LP cylinder. Contact an LP gas supplier or your fire department!

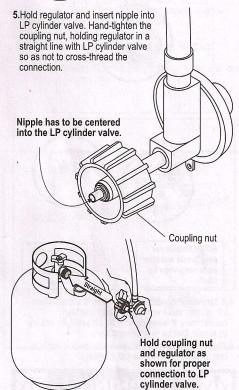
# Connecting Regulator to the LP Cylinder

- LP cylinder must be properly secured onto grill. (Refer to assembly section.)
- 2. Turn all control knobs to the OFF position.
- Turn LP cylinder OFF by turning hand-wheel clockwise to a full stop.
- **4.**Remove the safety cap from LP cylinder valve. Always use cap and strap supplied with valve.





Do not use a POL transport plug (plastic part with external threads)! It will defeat the safety feature of the valve.



6.Turn the coupling nut clockwise and tighten to a full stop. The regulator will seal on the back-check feature in the LP cylinder valve, resulting in some resistance. An additional one-half to three-quarters turn is required to complete the connection. Tighten by hand only – do not use tools.

# NOTE:

If you cannot complete the connection, disconnect regulator and repeat steps 5 and 6. If you are still unable to complete the connection, **do not use this regulator!** 



# **DANGER**



 Do not insert any tool or foreign object into the valve outlet or safety relief valve. You may damage the valve and cause a leak. Leaking propane may result in explosion, fire, severe personal injury, or death.



# WARNING



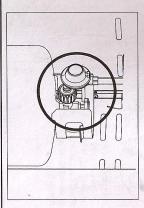
- If a leak is detected at any time, STOP!
   If you cannot stop a gas leak by closing the LP cylinder valve leave area and call your fire department!

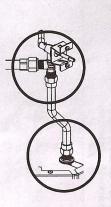
# Leak Testing Valves, Hose and Regulator

# 1.Turn all grill control knobs to OFF

3.Completely open LP cylinder valve by turning hand wheel counterclockwise. If you hear a rushing sound, turn gas off immediately. There is a major leak at the connection. Correct before proceeding. Be sure regulator is tightly connected to LP cylinder.

4.Brush soapy solution onto areas circled below, or other similar fittings on your grill.





NOTE: Sideburner shelf fascia and other parts not shown for

NOTE: Your grill may NOT be equipped with a sideburner.

5.If "growing" bubbles appear, there is a leak. Close LP cylinder valve immediately and retighten connections. If leaks cannot be stopped do not try to repair. Call for replacement parts.

**6.**Always close LP cylinder valve after performing leak test by turning hand wheel clockwise.



# WARNING

- Outdoor gas appliance is not intended to be installed in or on a boat.

  Outdoor gas appliance is not intended to be installed in or on an RV.
- Never attempt to attach this grill to the self-contained LP gas system of a camper trailer or motor home.

# Safety Tips

- Before opening LP cylinder valve, check the coupling nut for tightness.
- When grill is not in use, turn off all control knobs and LP cylinder valve.

- Never move grill while in operation or still hot.
   Some surfaces will be hot during use. Use long-handled barbecue utensils and oven mitts to avoid burns and splatters
- Maximum load for sideburner and side shelf is 10 lbs.
- The grease tray or cup **must** be installed during use and emptied after each use. Do not remove grease tray or cup until grill has completely cooled.
- Clean grill often, preferably after each cookout. If a bristle brush is used to clean any of the grill cooking surfaces, ensure no loose bristles remain on cooking surfaces prior to grilling. It is not recommended to clean cooking surfaces while grill is hot.

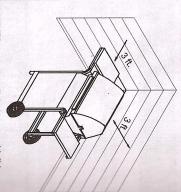
- If you notice grease or other hot material dripping for grill onto valve, hose or regulator, turn off gas sat once. Determine the cause, correct it, the day and inspect valve, hose and regulator before continuing. Perform a leak test.
- Keep ventilation openings in cylinder encosure grul cart) free and clear of debris.
- Do not store objects or materials inside the grill or enclosure that would block the flow of combustion to the underside of either the control panel or the firebox bowl.
- The regulator may make a humming or whisting hose during operation. This will not affect safety or use of the control of the c
- grill.

  If you have a grill problem see the Section.
- If the regulator frosts, turn off grill and LP cyrocervalve immediately. This indicates a problem with recylinder and it should not be used on any product Return to supplier!



For Safe Use of Your Grill and to Avoid

- Serious Injury: Do not let children operate or play near grill
- Keep grill area clear and free from materials Tall to
- Do not block holes in sides or back of grill
- Check burner flames regularly.
- Kind Use grill only in well-ventilated space. NEVER enclosed space such as carport, garage, porce enclosed space such as carport, garage, porch covered patio, or under an overhead structure of any
- Do not use charcoal or ceramic briquets in a gas gri
- Do not cover grates with aluminum foil or any other material. This will block burner ventilation and create a potentially dangerous condition resulting in property damage and/or personal injury.
- Use grill at least 3 ft. from any wall or surface. Maintain 10 ft. clearance to objects that can carrifre or sources of ignition such as pilot lights on wheaters, live electrical appliances, etc.



- NEVER attempt to light burner with lid closed. A buildup of non-ignited gas inside a closed grill is hazardous.
   Never operate grill with LP cylinder out of correct position specified in assembly instruction.
- instructions.
- Always close LP cylinder valve and remove coupling nut before moving LP cylinder from specified operation position.

# **Apartment Dwellers:**

Check with management to learn the requestion and fire codes for using an LP gas grill in our apartment complex. If allowed, use outside ground floor with a three (3) foot clearance walls or rails. Do not use on or under baltones.

# Ignitor Lighting

- Do not lean over grill while lighting.
- OFF gas burner control valves
- 2. Turn ON gas at LP cylinder.
- 3. Open lid during lighting.
- A HIGH me push and turn IGNITION BURNER knob
- mediately, push IGNITOR button rapidly
- OFF wait 5 minutes and repeat the light formation of the following formation of the follow match light formation of the follow match light formation of the following formation of the
- burner, turn knob to the **Ú HIG**H spanning with the burners closest to IGNITIO
- and the state ignited, turn control knobs to



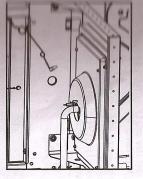
as and gas source or tank OFF



NOT occur in 5 seconds, turn the OFF, wait 5 minutes and repeat seconds. If the burner does not ignite with could accidently ignite with risk of

The next same over grill while lighting.

- Turn Division at LP cylinder.
- The let during lighting.
- match holder (hanging from side pan then light burner by placing match accompanded on side of grill.
- The fights and stays lit.
- er by pushing knob in and turning to th



NOTE: Your grill may NOT be equipped with a Sideburner!

# Sideburner Ignitor Lighting

- Do not lean over grill while lighting.
- 1. Turn O OFF gas burner control valves.
- 2. Turn ON gas at LP cylinder.
- 3. Open sideburner lid.
- ♣ Turn sideburner knob to the HIGH position, push IGNITOR button rapidly.
- If sideburner does NOT light within 5 seconds, turn knob to OFF, wait 5 minutes, then repeat lighting procedure.

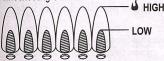
# **Sideburner Match Lighting**

- · Do not lean over grill while lighting.
- 1. Turn O OFF gas burner control valves.
- 2. Turn ON gas at LP cylinder.
- 3. Open sideburner lid.
- 4. Place lit match near burner.
- Turn sideburner knob to the HIGH position. Be sure burner lights and stays lit.



# **Burner Flame Check**

Remove cooking grates and heat tents. Light burners, rotate knobs from HIGH to LOW. You should see a smaller flame in LOW position than seen on HIGH.
 Perform burner flame check on side burner, also. Always check flame prior to each use. If only low flame is seen refer to "Sudden drop or low flame" in the Troubleshooting Section.



# **Turning Grill Off**

Turn all knobs to the OFF position. Turn LP cylinder
 OFF by turning hand-wheel clockwise to a full stop.

# **Ignitor Check**

 Turn gas off at LP cylinder. Press and hold electronic ignitor button. "Click" should be heard and spark seen each time in each collector box or between burner and electrode. See "Troubleshooting" if no click or spark.

# Valve Check

• Important: Make sure gas is off at LP cylinder before checking valves. Knobs lock in OFF position. To check valves, first push in knobs and release, knobs should spring back, If knobs do not spring back, replace valve assembly before using grill. Turn knobs to LOW position then turn back to OFF position. Valves should turn smoothly.

# **Hose Check**

 Before each use, check to see if hoses are cut or worn or kinked. Replace damaged hoses before using grill.
 Use only valve/hose/regulator specified by manufacturer.



# CAUTION



# SPIDER ALERT!



If your grill is getting hard to light or the flame is weak, check and clean the venturis and burners.

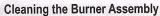
Spiders or small insects are known to create "flashback" problems by building nests and laying eggs in the barbeque's venturi or burner, obstructing the flow of gas. The back-up gas can ignite behind the control panel. This flashback can damage your barbeque and cause injury. To prevent flashbacks and ensure good performance the burner and venturi tube assembly should be removed and cleaned when ever the barbeque has been idle for an extended period of time.

# **General Grill Cleaning**

- Do not mistake brown or black accumulation of grease and smoke for paint. Interiors of gas grills are not painted at the factory (and should never be painted). Apply a strong solution of detergent and water or use a grill cleaner with scrub brush on insides of grill lid and bottom. Rinse and allow to completely air dry. Do not apply a caustic grill/oven cleaner to painted surfaces.
- Plastic parts: Wash with warm soapy water and wipe dry.
- Do not use citrisol, abrasive cleaners, degreasers or a concentrated grill cleaner on plastic parts. Damage to and failure of parts can result.
- Porcelain surfaces: Because of glass-like composition, most residue can be wiped away with baking soda/water solution or specially formulated cleaner. Use nonabrasive scouring powder for stubborn stains.
- Painted surfaces: Wash with mild detergent or nonabrasive cleaner and warm soapy water. Wipe dry with a soft nonabrasive cloth.
- Stainless steel surfaces: To maintain your grill's high quality appearance, wash with mild detergent and warm soapy water and wipe dry with a soft cloth after each use. Baked-on grease deposits may require the use of an abrasive plastic cleaning pad. Use only in direction of brushed finish to avoid damage. Do not use abrasive pad on areas with graphics.
- Cooking surfaces: If a bristle brush is used to clean any of the grill cooking surfaces, ensure no loose bristles remain on cooking surfaces prior to grilling. It is NOT recommended to clean cooking surfaces while grill is hot.

# **Storing Your Grill**

- Clean cooking grates.
- Store in dry location.
- When LP cylinder is connected to grill, store outdoors in a well-ventilated space and out of reach of children.
- Cover grill if stored outdoors. Choose from a variety of grill covers offered by manufacturers.
- Store grill indoors ONLY if LP cylinder is turned off and disconnected, removed from grill and stored outdoors.
- When removing grill from storage, follow "Cleaning the Burner Assembly" instructions before starting grill.

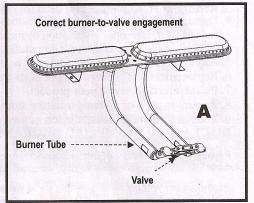


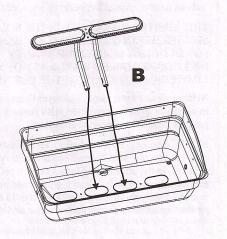
Follow these instructions to clean and/or replace parts of burner assembly or if you have trouble igniting grill.

- 1. Turn gas OFF at control knobs and LP cylinder.
- 2. Remove cooking grates and heat tent.
- Under grill remove grease cup, disconnect ignitor wire from burner.
- 4. Inside grill remove burner assembly (A), clean ceramic portion of electrode with rubbing alcohol and a swab.
- 5. Clean outside of burner with soap and water. Lay burner upside down on flat surface, insert garden hose to force water through tubes. Make sure water comes out of all burner holes. Open clogged holes with a thin wire. Shake out excess water and examine holes. Check that the burners are not damaged. Because of normal wear and corrosion some holes may have enlarged. If you notice large cracks or large holes, replace the burner.
- If grill is to be stored, coat burner lightly with cooking oil. Wrap in protective cover to keep insects out.
- 7. If not storing grill after cleaning, replace burner into grill bottom. See illustration (B).

VERY IMPORTANT: Burner tubes must re-engage valve openings. See illustration (A).

- 8. Reattach ignitor wire to electrode.
- Reposition heat tent and cooking grate. Reattach clean grease cup to grease clip.
- 10. Before cooking again on grill, perform a "Leak Test" and "Burner Flame Check".





NOTE: Your grill may NOT be equipped with a Sideburner!

# Sideburner Ignitor Lighting

- . Do not lean over grill while lighting.
- 1. Turn O OFF gas burner control valves.
- 2. Turn ON gas at LP cylinder.
- 3. Open sideburner lid.
- 4. Turn sideburner knob to the 4 HIGH position, push IGNITOR button rapidly.
- If sideburner does NOT light within 5 seconds, turn knob to OFF, wait 5 minutes, then repeat lighting procedure.

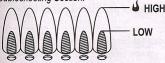
# Sideburner Match Lighting

- Do not lean over grill while lighting.
- 1. Turn OFF gas burner control valves.
- 2. Turn ON gas at LP cylinder.
- 3. Open sideburner lid.
- 4. Place lit match near burner.
- Turn sideburner knob to the HIGH position. Be sure burner lights and stays lit.



# **Burner Flame Check**

Remove cooking grates and heat tents. Light burners, rotate knobs from HIGH to LOW. You should see a smaller flame in LOW position than seen on HIGH.
 Perform burner flame check on side burner, also. Always check flame prior to each use. If only low flame is seen refer to "Sudden drop or low flame" in the Troubleshooting Section.



# **Turning Grill Off**

Turn all knobs to the OFF position. Turn LP cylinder
 OFF by turning hand-wheel clockwise to a full stop.

# **Ignitor Check**

 Turn gas off at LP cylinder. Press and hold electronic ignitor button. "Click" should be heard and spark seen each time in each collector box or between burner and electrode. See "Troubleshooting" if no click or spark.

# Valve Check

• Important: Make sure gas is off at LP cylinder before checking valves. Knobs lock in OFF position. To check valves, first push in knobs and release, knobs should spring back, If knobs do not spring back, replace valve assembly before using grill. Turn knobs to LOW position then turn back to OFF position. Valves should turn smoothly.

# **Hose Check**

 Before each use, check to see if hoses are cut or worn or kinked. Replace damaged hoses before using grill.
 Use only valve/hose/regulator specified by manufacturer



# CAUTION



# SPIDER ALERT!



If your grill is getting hard to light or the flame is weak, check and clean the venturis and burners.

Spiders or small insects are known to create "flashback" problems by building nests and laying eggs in the barbeque's venturi or burner, obstructing the flow of gas. The back-up gas can ignite behind the control panel. This flashback can damage your barbeque and cause injury. To prevent flashbacks and ensure good performance the burner and venturi tube assembly should be removed and cleaned when ever the barbeque has been idle for an extended period of time.

# **General Grill Cleaning**

- Do not mistake brown or black accumulation of grease and smoke for paint. Interiors of gas grills are not painted at the factory (and should never be painted). Apply a strong solution of detergent and water or use a grill cleaner with scrub brush on insides of grill lid and bottom. Rinse and allow to completely air dry. Do not apply a caustic grill/oven cleaner to painted surfaces.
- · Plastic parts: Wash with warm soapy water and wipe dry.
- Do not use citrisol, abrasive cleaners, degreasers or a concentrated grill cleaner on plastic parts. Damage to and failure of parts can result.
- Porcelain surfaces: Because of glass-like composition, most residue can be wiped away with baking soda/water solution or specially formulated cleaner. Use nonabrasive scouring powder for stubborn stains.
- Painted surfaces: Wash with mild detergent or nonabrasive cleaner and warm soapy water. Wipe dry with a soft nonabrasive cloth.
- Stainless steel surfaces: To maintain your grill's high quality appearance, wash with mild detergent and warm soapy water and wipe dry with a soft cloth after each use. Baked-on grease deposits may require the use of an abrasive plastic cleaning pad. Use only in direction of brushed finish to avoid damage. Do not use abrasive pad on areas with graphics.
- Cooking surfaces: If a bristle brush is used to clean any of the grill cooking surfaces, ensure no loose bristles remain on cooking surfaces prior to grilling. It is NOT recommended to clean cooking surfaces while grill is hot.

# **Storing Your Grill**

- Clean cooking grates.
- Store in dry location.
- When LP cylinder is connected to grill, store outdoors in a well-ventilated space and out of reach of children.
- Cover grill if stored outdoors. Choose from a variety of grill covers offered by manufacturers.
- Store grill indoors ONLY if LP cylinder is turned off and disconnected, removed from grill and stored outdoors.
- When removing grill from storage, follow "Cleaning the Burner Assembly" instructions before starting grill.

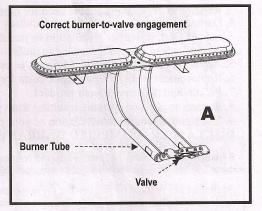
# Cleaning the Burner Assembly

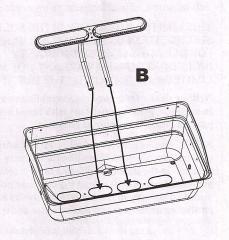
Follow these instructions to clean and/or replace parts of burner assembly or if you have trouble igniting grill.

- 1. Turn gas OFF at control knobs and LP cylinder.
- 2. Remove cooking grates and heat tent.
- Under grill remove grease cup, disconnect ignitor wire from burner.
- 4. Inside grill remove burner assembly (A), clean ceramic portion of electrode with rubbing alcohol and a swab.
- 5. Clean outside of burner with soap and water. Lay burner upside down on flat surface, insert garden hose to force water through tubes. Make sure water comes out of all burner holes. Open clogged holes with a thin wire. Shake out excess water and examine holes. Check that the burners are not damaged. Because of normal wear and corrosion some holes may have enlarged. If you notice large cracks or large holes, replace the burner.
- If grill is to be stored, coat burner lightly with cooking oil. Wrap in protective cover to keep insects out.
- 7. If not storing grill after cleaning, replace burner into grill bottom. See illustration (B).

VERY IMPORTANT: Burner tubes must re-engage valve openings. See illustration (A).

- 8. Reattach ignitor wire to electrode.
- 9. Reposition heat tent and cooking grate. Reattach clean grease cup to grease clip.
- 10. Before cooking again on grill, perform a "Leak Test" and "Burner Flame Check".





# **PARTS LIST**

Key	Qty	Description	
1	1	FIREBOX	
2	1	IGNITOR	
3	1	BURNER	
4	1	COLLECTOR/ ELECTRODE ASSY	
5	1	LID	
6	1	LOGO PLATE	
7	1	LEFT SIDE SHELF F/ SB	
8	1	RIGHT SIDE SHELF	
9	1	TANK RETAINER	
10	1	MOUNTING BRACKET, F/ SIDE SHELF, (RF/LB)	
11	1	MOUNTING BRACKET, F/ SIDE SHELF, (LF/RB)	
12	1	MOUNTING BRACKET, F/ PLASTIC SIDE SHELF,	
		(LF/RB)	
13	1	MOUNTING BRACKET, F/ PLASTIC SIDE SHELF,	
		(RF/LB)	
14	2	CART LEG,UPPER	
15	1	SIDE BRACE	
16	1	RIGHT FRONT LEG, CURVED	
17	1	RIGHT BACK LEG, STRAIGHT	
18	1	LEFT BACK LEG,STRAIGHT	
19	1	LEFT FRONT LEG, CURVED	
20	2	BACK BRACE	
21	2	SUPPORT BRACKET	
22	1	LEFT FIREBOX SUPPORT	
23	1	RIGHT FIREBOX SUPPORT	
24	1	VALVE HOSE REGULATOR ASSEMBLY	
25	1	CONTROL PANEL	
26	1	FRONT PANEL	
27	1	CONDIMENT BASKET	
28	1	AXLE ROD	
29	2	LEG EXTENDER	
30	3	TANK EXCLUSION WIRE	
31	1	HEAT SHIELD	
32	1	COOKING GRATE	
33	1	SWINGAWAY GRID	
34	1	SIDEBURNER GRATE	
35	1	SIDEBURNER	
36	1	ELECTRODE, F/ SB	
37	1	DRIP PAN	

Key	Qty	Description	
38	2	VHEEL MALE TO THE	
39	3	KNOB	
40	2	LOWER HINGE	
41	2	UPPER HINGE	
42	1	IANDLE	
43	1	GREASE CUP	
44	1	GREASE CUP CLIP	
45	1	HEAT TENT	
46	1	MATCH HOLDER	

# **NOT Pictured**

	1	HARDWARE PACK
<b></b>	1	ASSY INSTRUCTION, ENGLISH, FRENCH, SPANISH
1	1	RETAINER CLIP

NOTE: Some grill parts shown in the assembly steps may differ slightly in appearance from those on your particular grill model. However, the method of assembly remains the same.

# **EMERGENCIES:** If a gas leak cannot be stopped, or a fire occurs due to gas leakage, call the fire department.

Emergencies	Possible Cause	Prevention/Solution
Gas leaking from gracked/cut/burned mose.	•Damaged hose.	•Turn off gas at LP cylinder or at source on natural gas systems. Discontinue use of product and replace valve/hose/regulator. Once valve/hose/regulator replaced conduct complete leak check per manual.
Gas leaking from LP	Mechanical failure due to rusting or mishandling.	•Replace LP cylinder.
Gas leaking from LP cylinder valve.	Failure of cylinder valve from mishandling or mechanical failure.	•Turn off LP cylinder valve. Return LP cylinder to gas supplier.
Gas leaking between P cylinder and egulator connection.	•Improper installation, connection not tight, and/or failure of rubber seal.	•Turn off LP cylinder valve. Remove regulator from cylinder and visually inspect rubber seal for damage. See LP Cylinder Leak Test and Connecting Regulator to the LP Cylinder.
Fire coming through control panel.	•Fire in burner tube section of burner due to blockage.	•Turn off control knobs and LP cylinder valve. Leave lid open to allow flames to die down. After fire is out and grill is cold, remove burner and inspect for spider nests or rust. See Natural Hazard and Cleaning the Burner Assembly pages.
Grease fire or continuous excessive flames above cooking surface.	•Too much grease buildup in burner area.	•Turn off control knobs and LP cylinder valve. Leave lid open to allow flames to die down. After cooling, clean food particles and excess grease from inside firebox area, grease cup, and other surfaces.

# Troubleshooting

Problem	Possible Cause	Prevention/Solution
Burner(s) will not light sing ignitor.	GAS ISSUES: •Trying to light wrong burner.	•See instructions on control panel and in Use and Care section.
Continued on next	•Burner not engaged with control valve.	•Make sure valves are positioned inside of burner tubes.
age.	Obstruction in burner.	•Ensure burner tubes are not obstructed with spider webs or other matter. See cleaning section of Use and Care.
	•No gas flow.	•Make sure LP cylinder is not empty. If LP cylinder is not empty, refer to "Sudden drop in gas flow" in <i>Troubleshooting</i> section.
	Vapor lock at coupling nut to LP cylinder.	•Turn off knobs and disconnect coupling nut from LP cylinder. Reconnect and retry.
	Coupling nut and LP cylinder valve not fully connected.	•Turn the coupling nut approximately one-half to three-quarters additional turn until solid stop. Tighten by hand only - do not use tools.
	ELECTRICAL ISSUES: •Electrode cracked or broken; "sparks at crack."	•Replace electrode(s).
	•Electrode tip not in proper position.	Main Burners:  •Tip of electrode should be pointing toward gas port opening on burner. The distance should be 1/8" to 1/4". Adjust if necessary. Sideburner (if featured):  •Tip of electrode should be pointing toward gas port opening on burner. the distance should be 1/8" to 3/16". Adjust if necessary.
	•Wire and/or electrode covered with cooking residue.	•Clean wire and/or electrode with rubbing alcohol and clean swab.
	•Wires are loose or disconnected.	•Reconnect wires or replace electrode/wire assembly.
	•Wires are shorting (sparking) between ignitor and electrode.	•Replace ignitor wire/electrode assembly.

# Troubleshooting (continued)

Problem	Possible Cause	Prevention/Solution
Burner(s) will not light using ignitor.	PIEZO PUSH-BUTTON AND ROTARY:  -Push-button sticks at bottom.	•Replace ignitor.
using ignitor.	•Rotary knob rotates without clicking.	•Replace knob.
	Sparking between ignitor and electrode.	<ul> <li>Inspect wire insulation and proper connection. Replace wires if insulation is broken.</li> </ul>
Burner(s) will not	•See "GAS ISSUES:" on previous page.	
match light.	•Match will not reach.	•Use long-stem match (fireplace match).
	•Improper method of match-lighting.	•See "Match-Lighting" section of Use and Care.
Sudden drop in gas flow or	•Out of gas.	•Check for gas in LP cylinder.
low flame.	•Excess flow valve tripped.	•Turn off control and tank knobs, wait 30 seconds, turn tank knob on
	The following the second of th	slowly, light grill. If flames are still low, turn off control and tank knobs and disconnect regulator. Reconnect regulator, turn tank knob on slowly, light grill.
	Vapor lock at coupling nut/LP cylinder connection.	•Turn off control and tank knobs and disconnect regulator. Reconnect regulator, turn on tank knob slowly, light grill.
Flames blow out.	•High or gusting winds.	•Turn front of grill to face wind or increase flame height.
	•Low on LP gas.	•Refill LP cylinder.
	•Excess flow valve tripped.	•Refer to "Sudden drop in gas flow" above.
Flare-up.	•Grease buildup.	•Clean burners and inside of grill/firebox.
	•Excessive fat in meat.	•Trim fat from meat before grilling.
	•Excessive cooking temperature.	•Adjust (lower) temperature accordingly.
Persistent grease fire.	•Grease trapped by food buildup around burner system.	•Turn knobs to OFF. Turn gas off at LP cylinder. Leave lid in position and let fire burn out. After grill cools, remove and clean all parts.
Flashback (fire in burner tube(s)).	•Burner and/or burner tubes are blocked.	•Turn knobs to OFF. Clean burner and/or burner tubes. See burner cleaning section of Use and Care.
One burner does not light from other burner(s).	Grease buildup or food particles in end(s) of carryover tube(s).	Clean carry-over tube(s) with wire brush.